

## **Hospital Elder** Life Program (HELP)

Extra care and evaluation for hospitalized elder patients



#### THE HOSPITAL ELDER LIFE PROGRAM

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### **HELP Background**

- Developed by Dr. Sharon Inouye at Yale to prevent delirium and functional decline in hospitalized older adults.
- Patients enrolled receive up to 6 practical interventions directed at the known risk factors for delirium and functional decline.
- Interventions are delivered by educated volunteers.
- Implemented in over 200 hospitals, nationwide
- Has demonstrated notable reduction in delirium and functional decline at hospital discharge



HELP is a comprehensive patient-care program that ensures optimal care for older adults in the hospital.

### The HELP team at Meriter:

Carrie Bennett – Elder Life Nurse/HELP manager

Rick Dahl – HELP Coordinator

Nurses/CNAs/Therapists/Physicians

**Educated Volunteers!!** 

Funding from Meriter Foundation and Friends of Meriter to support supplies and materials for the program.



### Delirium (acute confusion)

- A sudden change in mental status, or sudden confusion, which develops over hours or days.
- Sometimes called "acute brain failure" because of its sudden, dramatic onset.
- Generally a short-term condition
- Precipitated by several stressors or risk factors
- Elders are most vulnerable population
- Different from dementia, which is a chronic, progressive loss of memory



### Risk Factors for Delirium and Indicators for Enrollment in HELP

- 70 years old and older. Increased age and related aging changes predispose people to be at risk for delirium
- Cognitive impairment A person with Alzheimer's disease or other dementia is at increased risk for delirium



### Risk Factors for Delirium and Indicators for Enrollment in HELP

- Hearing or Vision impairment- This makes it difficult to make sense of the world and is an added stressor to the brain.
- Poor Nutrition and Dehydration
- Mobility or ADL impairment
- Sleep difficulties



# Delirium Precipitates- Stressors on Body and Brain

- Illness(UTI, Pneumonia, GI Illness) or
  Injury(Hip Fracture, Head Trauma)
- Changes in Medications (Pain medications, medications for sleep or anxiety)
- Metabolic Changes
- Untreated Pain
- Unfamiliar environment and routines MERITER



### **HELP Interventions for Delirium Prevention**

- HELP interventions are carried out by educated volunteers.
- Volunteers see enrolled patients up to 3 times daily.
- Interventions can also be used by family and friends to support hospitalized elders.

**Daily Visitor Program:** Cognitive orientation, communication and social support **Therapeutic Activities Program:** Engaging patients in activities for enjoyment, relaxation and cognitive stimulation.

**Early Mobilization:** Encouragement and assistance in walking and exercising. If a patient was walking prior to hospitalization and living independently the goal would be to walk 3 times daily unless medically contradicted.

**Feeding Assistance and Oral Volume Repletion-** assistance and companionship during meals

**Hearing and Vision Protocol-** hearing and vision adaptions and equipmen **Non-Pharmacological Sleep Protocol**: promotes relaxation and sleep



### Therapeutic Activities

- Engage Elders in enjoyable and normal activities
- Share interests with hospital staff





### Meal assistance

- Encourage and assist with meals, snacks and fluids according to dietary recommendations.
- Share food likes and dislikes with dietary staff or order meals ahead of time with family assistance
- Encourage eating items that are high in nutrition first
  - Sometimes you need something sweet to stimulate your appetite.





### **Daily Visitor**

- Visitors in general should keep patients engaged during the day. Familiar faces can provide comfort and reduce stress.
- Family or close friends should assist patient to communicate to hospital staff normal abilities preferences and routines.





### **Exercise and Walking**

- Early in hospital stay, ask staff to assist with walking.
- If any deficits or weakness ask for PT and OT consult
- Ask to be up to chair for meals.







### **Comments/ Questions**



